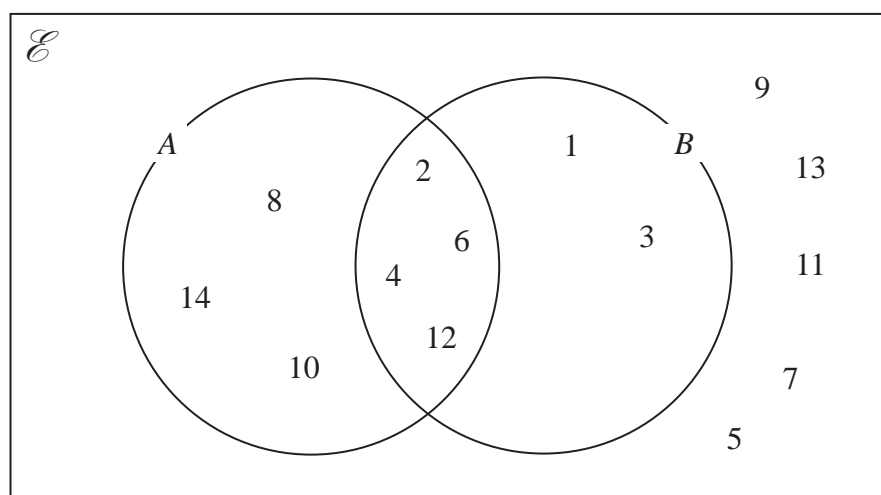


- 1 The numbers from 1 to 14 are shown in the Venn diagram.



- (a) List the members of the set $A \cap B$

.....
(1)

- (b) List the members of the set B'

.....
(1)

A number is picked at random from the numbers in the Venn diagram.

- (c) Find the probability that this number is in set A but is **not** in set B.

.....
(2)

(Total for Question 1 is 4 marks)

- 2 $\mathcal{E} = \{\text{integers } x \text{ such that } 10 \leq x \leq 25\}$
 $A = \{x : x < 18\}$
 $B = \{x : 13 \leq x < 22\}$

(a) Write down $n(A)$

.....
(1)

(b) List the members of the set $(A \cup B)'$

.....
(2)

(c) List the members of the set $A' \cap B$

.....
(2)

$C \subset A$, $C \subset B$ and $n(C) = 5$

(d) List the members of the set C

.....
(1)

(Total for Question 2 is 6 marks)

3 $B = \{b, l, u, e\}$

$$G = \{g, r, e, y\}$$

$$W = \{w, h, i, t, e\}$$

(a) List all the members of the set

(i) $B \cup G$

(ii) $W \cap G'$

(2)

Serena writes down the statement $B \cap G \cap W = \emptyset$

(b) Is Serena's statement correct?

You must give a reason for your answer.

(1)

(Total for Question 3 is 3 marks)

4 Some students in a school were asked the following question.

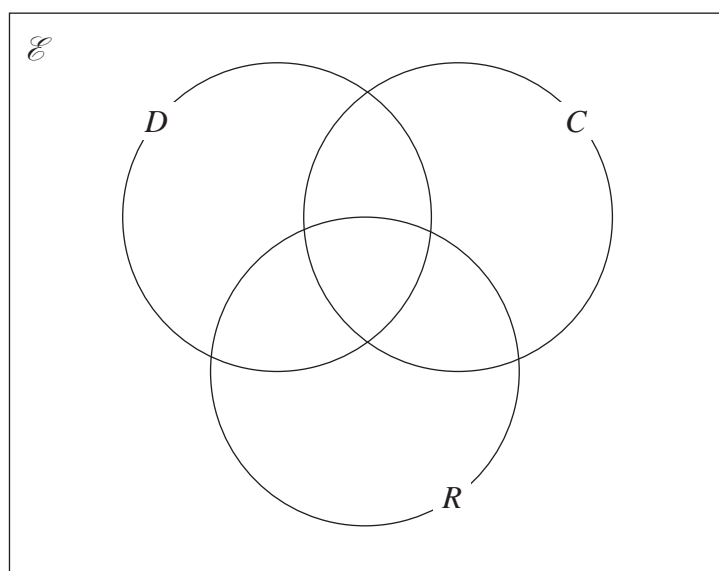
“Do you have a dog (D), a cat (C) or a rabbit (R)?”

Of these students

- 28 have a dog
- 18 have a cat
- 20 have a rabbit
- 8 have both a cat and a rabbit
- 9 have both a dog and a rabbit
- x have both a dog and a cat
- 6 have a dog, a cat and a rabbit
- 5 have not got a dog or a cat or a rabbit

(a) Using this information, complete the Venn diagram to show the number of students in each appropriate subset.

Give the numbers in terms of x where necessary.



(3)

Given that a total of 50 students answered the question,

(b) work out the value of x .

$x = \dots\dots\dots$

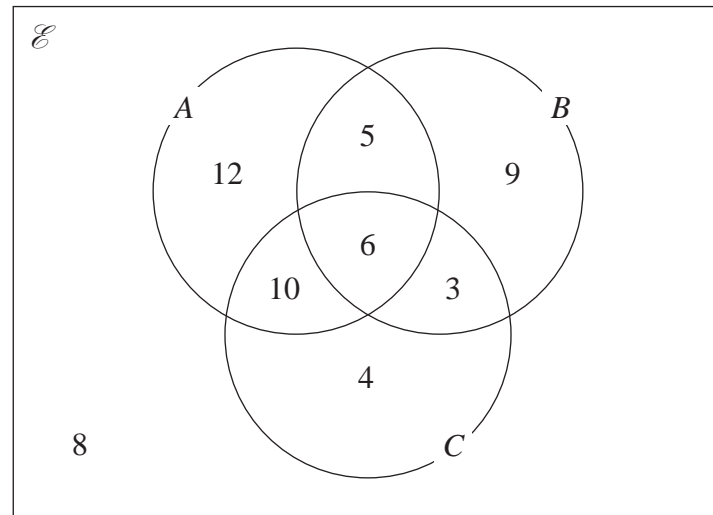
(2)

(c) Find $n(C' \cap D')$

.....
(1)

(Total for Question 4 is 6 marks)

5 The Venn diagram shows a universal set, \mathcal{E} and sets A , B and C .



12, 5, 9, 10, 6, 3, 4 and 8 represent the **numbers** of elements.

Find

(i) $n(A \cup B)$

.....
(1)

(ii) $n(A' \cap B')$

.....
(1)

(iii) $n([A \cap B] \cup C)$

.....
(1)

(Total for Question 5 is 3 marks)

6 $\mathcal{E} = \{\text{letters of the alphabet}\}$

$$B = \{\text{b, r, a, z, i, l}\}$$

$$I = \{\text{i, r, e, l, a, n, d}\}$$

(a) List the members of the set

(i) $B \cup I$

(ii) $B \cap I'$

(2)

$$K = \{\text{k, e, n, y, a}\}$$

Cody writes down the statement $B \cap K = \emptyset$

Cody's statement is wrong.

(b) Explain why.

(1)

(Total for Question 6 is 3 marks)

7 $\mathcal{E} = \{21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30\}$
 $A = \{22, 24, 26, 28, 30\}$
 $B = \{21, 24, 27, 30\}$

(a) List the members of the set

(i) $A \cap B$

(ii) A'

.....

.....

(2)

$C = \{23, 25, 29\}$

(b) Using set notation, find an expression for C in terms of A and B .

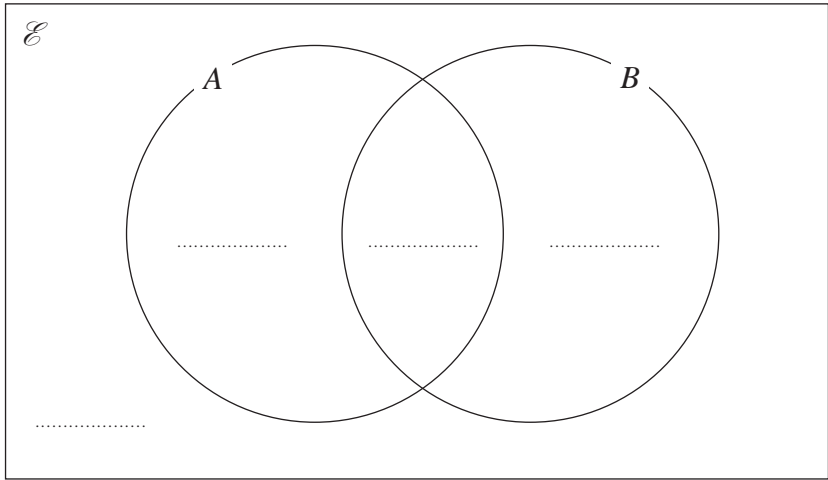
.....

(1)

(Total for Question 7 is 3 marks)

8 Two events A and B are such that $n(A) = 62$ $n(B) = 30$ and $n(A \cup B) = 68$
Given that $n(\mathcal{E}) = 80$

(a) complete the Venn diagram to show the number of elements in each region.



(2)

An element is chosen at random from \mathcal{E} .
(b) Using the Venn diagram, find the probability that this element is in
(i) $A \cap B$

.....
(1)

(ii) $A \cup B'$

.....
(2)

9 $\mathcal{E} = \{20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29\}$

$$A = \{\text{odd numbers}\}$$

$$B = \{\text{multiples of 3}\}$$

List the members of the set

(i) $A \cap B$

(1)

(ii) $A \cup B$

(1)

(Total for Question 9 is 2 marks)

10 Some students were asked the following question.

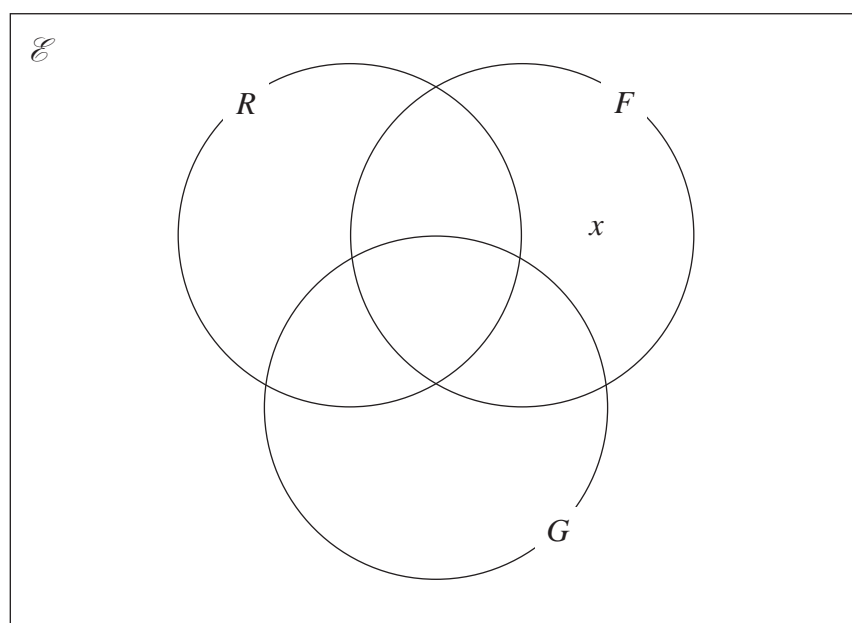
“Which of the subjects Russian (R), French (F) and German (G) do you study?”

Of these students

- 4 study all three of Russian, French and German
- 10 study Russian and French
- 13 study French and German
- 6 study Russian and German
- 24 study German
- 11 study none of the three subjects
- the number who study Russian only is twice the number who study French only.

Let x be the number of students who study French only.

- (a) Show all this information on the Venn diagram, giving the number of students in each appropriate subset, in terms of x where necessary.



(3)

Given that the number of students who were asked the question was 80

- (b) work out the number of these students that study Russian.

(3)

(Total for Question 10 is 6 marks)

11 $\mathcal{E} = \{9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20\}$

$A = \{\text{multiples of } 3\}$

$B = \{\text{odd numbers}\}$

(a) List the members of the set

(i) $A \cap B$

.....
(1)

(ii) $A \cup B$

.....
(1)

(b) Is it true that $24 \in A$?

Tick one of the boxes below.

Yes

No

☐
☐

Give a reason for your answer.

.....
.....
(1)

Set C has 4 members such that $C \cap B' = \{10, 18\}$

(c) List the members of one possible set C

.....
(2)

(Total for Question 11 is 5 marks)

12 100 farmers are asked if they have goats (G), sheep (S) or chickens (C) on their farms.

Of these farmers

31 have sheep

53 have chickens

6 have goats, sheep and chickens

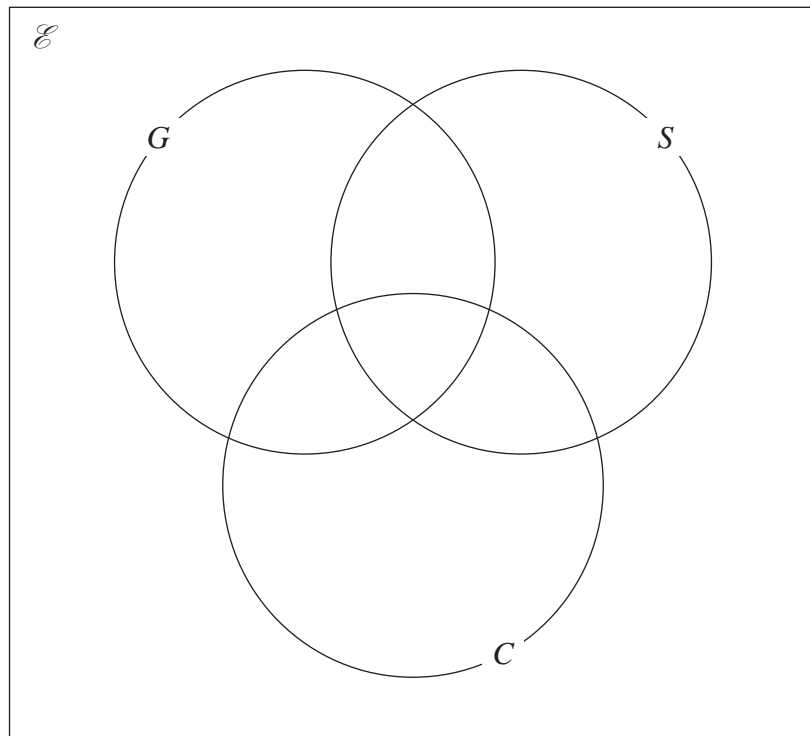
11 have sheep and goats

17 have sheep and chickens

18 have goats and chickens

20 do not have any goats, sheep or chickens

- (a) Using this information, complete the Venn diagram to show the number of farmers in each appropriate subset.



(3)

(b) Find

(i) $n(G)$

.....
(1)

(ii) $n([G \cup S]')$

.....
(1)

(iii) $n(G' \cap C)$

.....
(1)

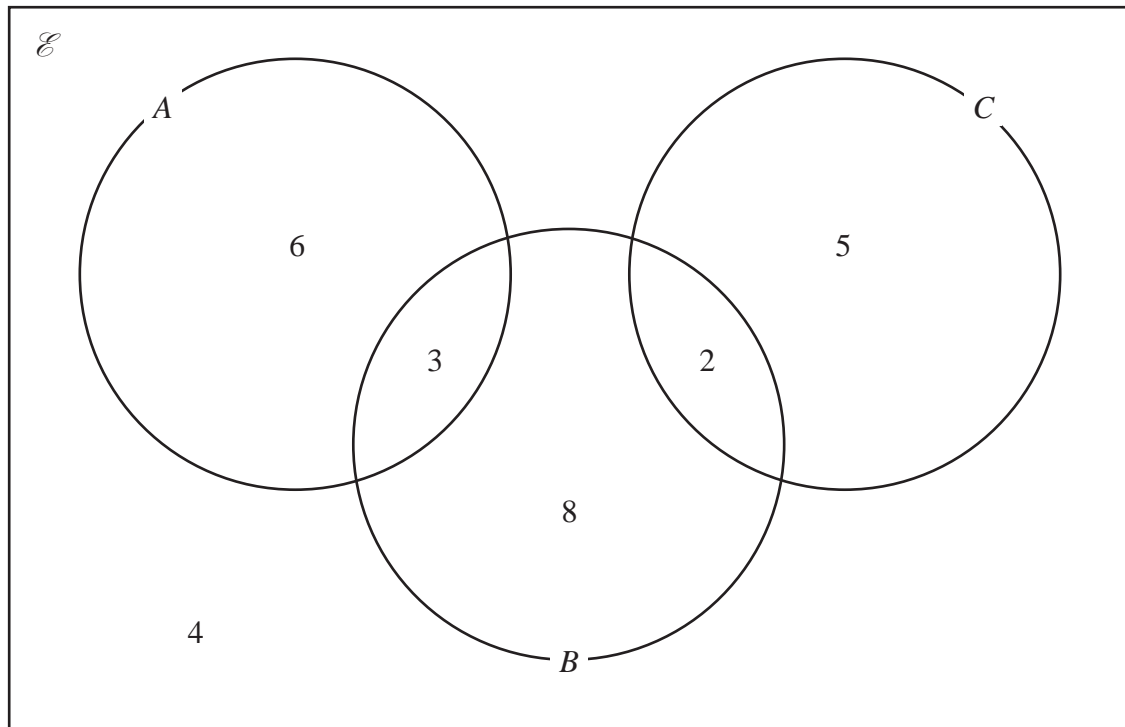
One of the farmers who has chickens is chosen at random.

(c) Find the probability that this farmer also has goats.

.....
(2)

(Total for Question 12 is 8 marks)

13 The Venn diagram shows a universal set \mathcal{E} and three sets A , B and C .



6, 3, 8, 2, 5 and 4 represent the **numbers** of elements.

Find

(i) $n(A \cup B)$

.....
(1)

(ii) $n(A \cap C)$

.....
(1)

(iii) $n(B \cap C')$

.....
(1)

(iv) $n(A' \cup B' \cup C')$

.....
(1)

(Total for Question 13 is 4 marks)

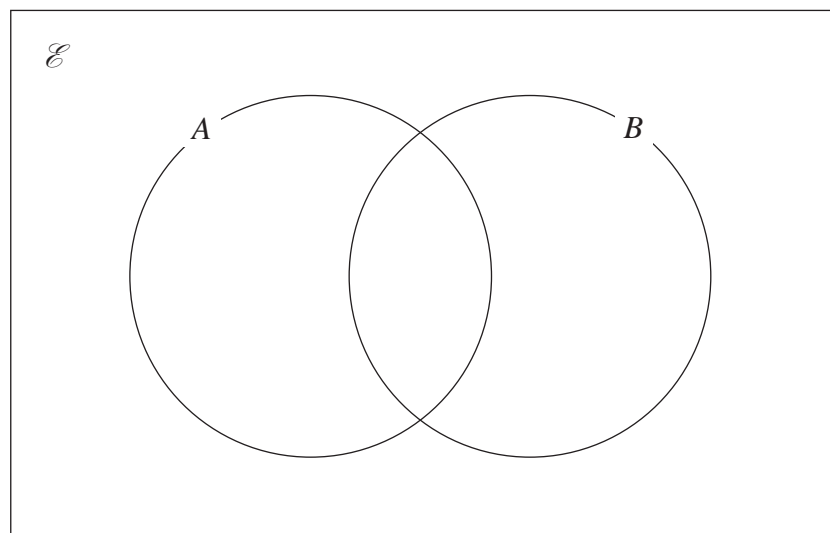
14 $\mathcal{E} = \{4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15\}$

$$A \cap B = \{5, 10, 15\}$$

$$B' = \{7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14\}$$

$$A' = \{4, 6, 7, 8, 14\}$$

Complete the Venn diagram for this information.



(Total for Question 14 is 3 marks)

15 A , B and C are three sets.

$$n(A \cap B \cap C) = 5$$

$$n(A \cap B \cap C') = 2$$

$$n(A \cap C) = 5$$

$$n(A) = 17$$

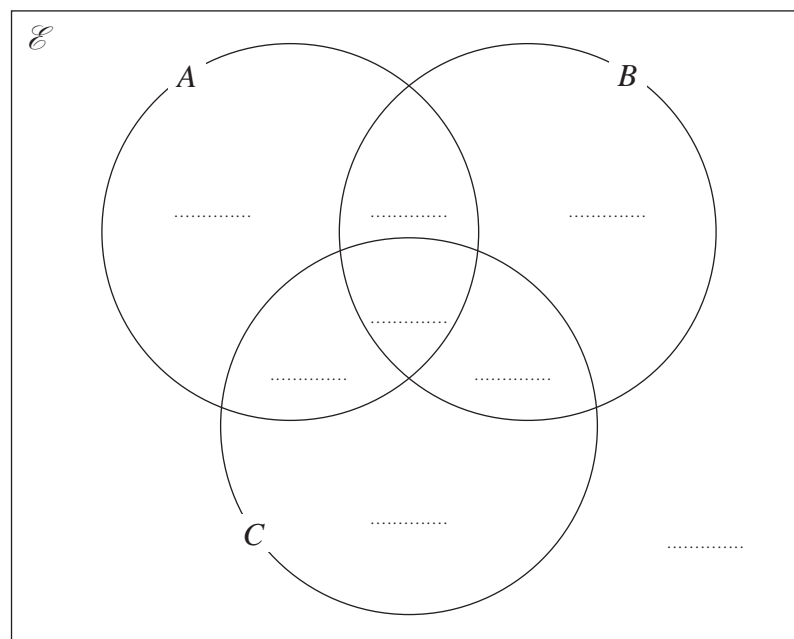
$$n([A \cup B \cup C]') = 3$$

$$n(A' \cap B \cap C') = 6$$

$$n(B \cap C) = 7$$

$$n(C) = 14$$

Complete the Venn diagram to show the number of elements in each region.



(Total for Question 15 is 4 marks)

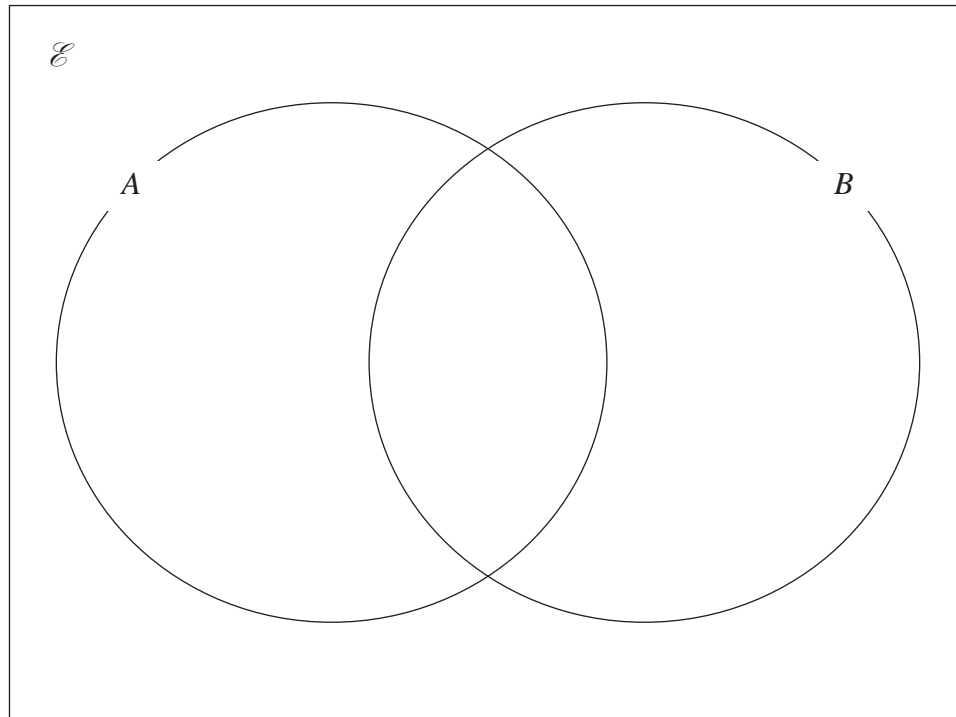
16 $\mathcal{E} = \{11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20\}$

$$A = \{\text{even numbers}\}$$

$$A \cap B = \{12, 16, 20\}$$

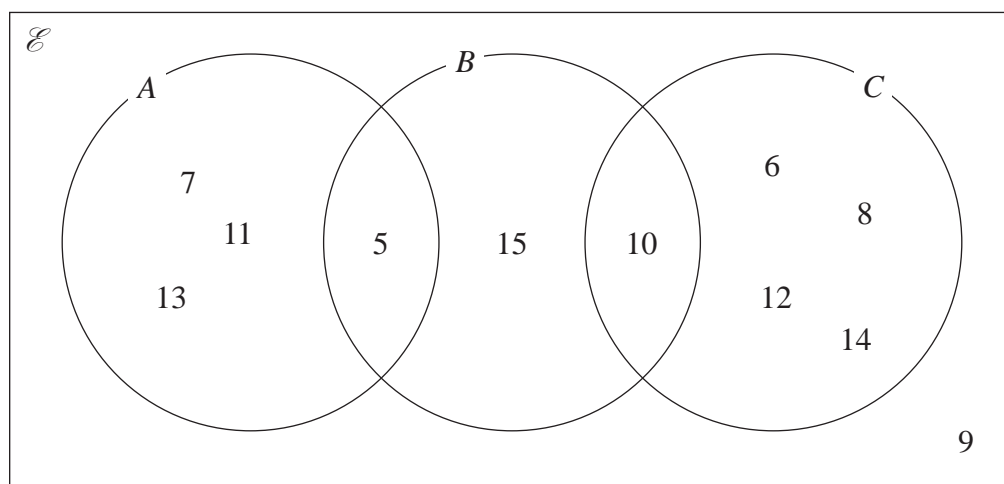
$$(A \cup B)' = \{17, 19\}$$

Complete the Venn diagram for the sets \mathcal{E} , A and B



(Total for Question 16 is 3 marks)

17 Here is a Venn diagram.



(a) Write down the numbers that are in the set

(i) A

.....
(1)

(ii) $B \cup C$

.....
(1)

Dominic writes down $9 \notin C$

(b) Explain why Dominic is correct.

.....
.....
(1)

(Total for Question 17 is 3 marks)

18 30 adults booked to stay in a hotel.

19 adults booked breakfast

15 adults booked dinner

4 adults did not book breakfast or dinner

Some adults booked breakfast **and** dinner.

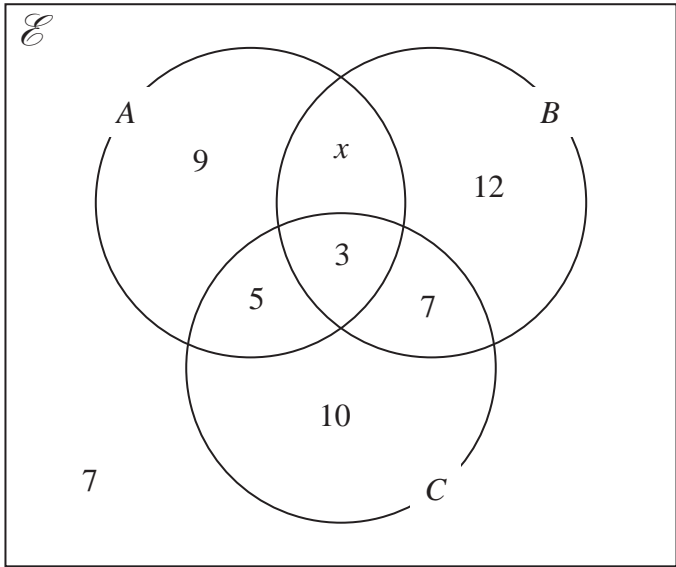
Meihui chooses at random two of the 30 adults.

Work out the probability that these two adults each booked breakfast **and** dinner.

(Total for Question 18 is 4 marks)

19 The Venn diagram shows a universal set \mathcal{E} and sets A , B and C

The numbers and the letter x represent **numbers** of elements.



Given that $n(A \cup B) = 42$

(a) find the value of x

$x = \dots\dots\dots$
(1)

(b) Find $n(A')$

$\dots\dots\dots$
(1)

(c) Find $n(B' \cap C)$

$\dots\dots\dots$
(1)

(Total for Question 19 is 3 marks)